Metadata Aggregates

Deployers have multiple metadata aggregates from which to choose. This page outlines available options. Policy considerations and general configuration issues are discussed on the Metadata Consumption page. Guidance on how to configure specific Metadata Client Software is available elsewhere in this wiki.

All aggregates listed below are *production-quality metadata aggregates*.

The InCommon Export Aggregate (which is not intended for end entities) is described in a separate wiki topic.

### Metadata Aggregates

InCommon Operations distributes multiple production-quality metadata aggregates at the following permanent HTTP locations:

- http://md.incommon.org/InCommon/InCommon-metadata-preview.xml (preview)
- http://md.incommon.org/InCommon/InCommon-metadata.xml (main)
- http://md.incommon.org/InCommon/InCommon-metadata-fallback.xml (fallback)

and

- http://md.incommon.org/InCommon/InCommon-metadata-idp-only.xml (IdP-only)

Obtain a diff of consecutively published metadata aggregates via web or email

You may also use TLS (https) to download the aggregates noted above. You are *strongly advised* not to depend solely on TLS for the security of your metadata downloads, and to continue the critical practice of verifying the signature on metadata according to the instructions on the Metadata Consumption page. Clients that are capable of doing so should *continue to download metadata over unencrypted http*.

All metadata aggregates are signed using the same metadata signing key and the SHA-256 digest algorithm. To verify the signature on an aggregate, a consumer must obtain an authentic copy of the InCommon Metadata Signing Certificate.

Using the IdP-only Aggregate

The IdP-only Aggregate is for SP deployments only!

Operationally, structural changes to metadata are first introduced into the Preview Aggregate and subsequently synchronized with the Main Aggregate and the Fallback Aggregate, in that order. Time between synchronization events depends on the nature of the structural change.

Current Status of InCommon Metadata

Differences between the various metadata aggregates are recorded and archived daily:

1. Vertical diff between two consecutive instances of the Main Aggregate
2. Horizontal diff between the Main Aggregate and the Preview Aggregate
3. Horizontal diff between the Fallback Aggregate and the Main Aggregate

The vertical diff captures changes to metadata over time. The horizontal diffs record the flow of metadata through the preview-main-fallback pipeline.

Metadata consumers choose exactly one of the three aggregates in the pipeline depending on the immediate requirements of their deployment.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Aggregate</th>
<th>Availability</th>
<th>Stability</th>
<th>Reliability</th>
<th>Affinity</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Preview Aggregate</td>
<td>24x7</td>
<td>experimental</td>
<td>leading edge</td>
<td>persistent</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Main Aggregate</td>
<td>24x7</td>
<td>stable</td>
<td>mainstream</td>
<td>persistent</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fallback Aggregate</td>
<td>24x7</td>
<td>legacy</td>
<td>trailing edge</td>
<td>transient</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Multiple metadata aggregates allow InCommon to deploy changes to metadata more quickly, easily, and safely.
Preview Metadata Aggregate

The Preview Metadata Aggregate helps manage the introduction of potentially breaking changes into InCommon metadata. Before such a change is deployed to the Main Aggregate, it is first introduced in preview mode. Any issues that surface are addressed before the change is synced with the Main Aggregate.

The Preview Aggregate is designed for deployments on the leading edge, such as test and dev deployments. Such deployments are strongly encouraged to consume the Preview Aggregate instead of the Main Aggregate.

Main Metadata Aggregate

In the best possible world, a deployment would configure itself to refresh its metadata store from the Main Metadata Aggregate and that would be the end of it. The problem is that metadata aggregates are brittle by their very nature, that is, a small change to metadata may have unexpected effects downstream. If this happens, a deployment can “fall back” to a previous version of metadata that is known to be backward compatible.

Fallback Metadata Aggregate

As suggested in the previous section, the Fallback Metadata Aggregate comes into play when a breaking change is inadvertently introduced into InCommon metadata. When a change is made to the Main Aggregate, and that change breaks a downstream metadata process, an affected deployment can temporarily migrate to the Fallback Aggregate. This gives the deployment time to adjust to the breaking change.

Consume Main or Preview Aggregate?

An important decision point for each deployment is whether to consume the Main Aggregate or the Preview Aggregate.

Consume the Fallback Aggregate?

A deployment should consume the Fallback Aggregate only when it has to, that is, when it is unable to consume the Main Aggregate. Consuming the Fallback Aggregate is a temporary measure while a deployment reacts to a breaking change introduced into InCommon metadata. See the article Using the Fallback Aggregate for more information.

The Fallback Aggregate is transient in the sense that backward compatibility is provided for a limited, predetermined period of time. This forces deployments to adjust to breaking changes to metadata albeit in a controlled environment.